# Math 121 Midterm

You are allowed 50 minutes for this midterm. Write answers clearly. All questions have equal
weight. Remember that when writing code, the most important thing is correctness, but some
attention will be paid to style. Simple, elegant, efficient and easy-to-understand code is best.
There are four questions plus a bonus question to answer if you can.


Below, write what will appear in the terminal when the following code is run.

```
def foo(f):
    def bar(g):
        return f(f(g))
    return bar
f = foo(lambda x: x + 2)
print(f(2))
g = foo(print)
print(g(3))
```

Write below code to define the function <code>every\_other</code>. This function takes as input a single list. The function then returns a list of every other element of the input list, starting with the second. You should return a new list. Do not modify the list that was given as input.

#### For example:

```
every_other([3, 7, 10, 8, 4]) returns [7, 8].
every_other([9]) returns [].
every_other([8, 7, 3, 5, 1, 4, 2, 6]) returns [7, 5, 4, 6].
```

Write below code to define the function count. This function takes as input a list and a test function. It then returns the number of items of the list for which the test returns true. This function must be **recursive**.

## For example:

```
If we define atLeastTen as follows...
def atLeastTen(n):
    return n >= 10

...then
count([3, 17, 10, 8, 4], atLeastTen) returns 2.
count([]) returns 0.
```

Below is the code for the Student class we (roughly) defined in class. Write the code for a new class, HungryStudent, to represent a student that also eats food. This class should inherit from Student, but should differ in two ways. First, hungry students have some amount of money, which always starts at \$100. Second, there is now an eat method. When eat is called, the student spends money on food, decreasing their money by \$5 but increasing their energy by 3. If the student does not have the necessary \$5, nothing (including the behavior described above) should happen.

```
class Student:
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name
        self.energy = 10
        self.assignments = []
        self.knowledge = 0
    def getAssignment(self, size):
        self.assignments.append(size)
    def doAssignment(self):
        if self.assignments[0] <= energy:
            self.energy -= self.assignments[0]
        self.knowledge += self.assignments[1:]</pre>
```

## **Bonus**

Write below code to define the function maxPrimeFactor. This function takes as input input a number and outputs the largest prime factor of that number.

# For example:

1265 factors as  $5 \times 11 \times 23$ , so maxPrimeFactor(1265) returns 23.